UN Security Council resolution 900 (1994) on restoration of essential public services and normal life in and around Sarajevo, BiH

RESOLUTION 900 (1994)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 3344th meeting, on 4 March 1994

The Security Council,

Recalling all its previous relevant resolutions on the conflict in the

Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

Taking note of the positive developments in and around Sarajevo, which

constitute only a first step towards the restoration of peace and security

throughout the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina on the basis of a negotiated

settlement between the parties, *recalling* the measures taken in and around

Sarajevo under resolutions 824 (1993) and 836 (1993) and welcoming the agreement

between the Government of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the Special

Representative of the Secretary-General, and between the Bosnian Serb party and

the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on the cease-fire and

measures related to heavy weapons in and around Sarajevo, reached on

9 February 1994;

Emphasizing the crucial importance of achieving complete
freedom of

movement for the civilian population and humanitarian goods and of the

restoration of normal life in Sarajevo,

Determined to restore essential public services in Sarajevo,

Welcoming, as part of the international effort to restore normal life to

the city, the intention of the Governments of the United Kingdom of Great

Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, announced on

2 March 1994, to send immediately a joint civil mission to Sarajevo to assess

the requirements for the restoration of essential public services, within the

United Nations framework,

Reaffirming in this context the sovereignty, territorial integrity and

political independence of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

Reiterating the importance of maintaining Sarajevo, capital of the Republic

of Bosnia and Herzegovina, as a united city and a multicultural, multi-ethnic and pluri-religious centre,

Welcoming the goal of achieving the prompt rotation of UNPROFOR personnel

in Srebrenica and the early reopening of Tuzla airport,

Mindful of the serious discussions which have taken place on the issue of

Sarajevo, as part of an overall settlement, at the negotiations in the context

of the International Conference on the Former Yugoslavia,

Deeply concerned by the deteriorating situation in Maglaj,

Deeply concerned also by the situation of the civilian population in other

parts of the territory of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, including in and around Mostar and Vitez,

Welcoming in this context the recent significant developments in peace

negotiations between the Government of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina

and the Bosnian Croat party and with the Government of the Republic of Croatia,

as steps towards an overall political settlement, as well as negotiations

involving the Bosnian Serb party,

Bearing in mind the importance of facilitating the return of refugees and

displaced persons to their homes,

Stressing the importance it attaches to full compliance with international

humanitarian law in all its aspects in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina,

Recalling the provisions of its resolution 824 (1993) concerning safe

areas, determining that the situation in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina

continues to constitute a threat to international peace and security, and in

this context acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

- $1. Calls \ for \ {\it all parties} \ to \ cooperate \ with \ UNPROFOR \ in \ the consolidation$
- of the cease-fire in and around Sarajevo;
- 2. Calls upon all parties, with the assistance of the United Nations, to

achieve complete freedom of movement for the civilian population and

humanitarian goods to, from and within Sarajevo, to remove any hindrance to such

freedom of movement, and to help restore normal life to the city;

- 3. Requests the Secretary-General to appoint, as a matter of urgency, for
- a limited period, a senior civilian official, who will act under the authority
- of the Special Representative of the Secretary- General for the former

Yugoslavia, to draw up an overall assessment and plan of action, in conjunction

with the Government of the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina and also in

consultation with all relevant local authorities, for the restoration of

essential public services in the various opstinas of Sarajevo, other than the

city of Pale; this official will be empowered to assist the Government of the

Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina and, in close coordination with all relevant

local authorities and the local representatives of the United Nations, to work

to implement the plan;

4. *Invites* the Secretary-General to establish a voluntary trust fund, to

be disbursed within the framework set out in paragraph 3 above, for the

restoration of essential public services in Sarajevo to promote a return to

normal life in the city, and *encourages* States and other donors to contribute thereto;

5. Requests the Secretary-General to present within one week of the

adoption of the present resolution a report on ways and means for, including the

estimated cost of, the implementation of the objectives set forth above;

6.*Calls upon* States and other donors to assist the Secretary-General, in

particular by contributing personnel and equipment, in the implementation of the

relevant Security Council resolutions concerning Bosnia and

Herzegovina;

7. Requests further the Secretary-General to report within tendays of

the adoption of the present resolution on the feasibility and modalities for the

application of the protection, defined in resolutions 824 (1993) and 836 (1993)

to Maglaj, Mostar and Vitez, taking into account all developments both on the

ground and in the negotiations between the parties;

8. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.